

$\alpha + \beta \cdot \sqrt{2}$ ;  $\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{Q}$  \* Multiplication

Situation:  $(a_1 + b_1 \sqrt{2}) * (a_2 + b_2 \sqrt{2})$

$$a_1 \cdot a_2 + a_2 b_1 \sqrt{2} + a_1 b_2 \sqrt{2} + b_1 b_2 \cdot 2$$
$$\underbrace{(a_1 \cdot a_2 + 2 \cdot b_1 b_2)}_{\mathbb{Q}} + \underbrace{(a_2 b_1 + a_1 b_2)}_{\mathbb{Q}} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$
$$\downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow$$
$$a_3 \qquad \qquad + \qquad b_3 \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$a_i, b_i \in \mathbb{Q}$

asso :

$$\left[ (a_1 + b_1 \sqrt{2}) \cdot (a_2 + b_2 \sqrt{2}) \right] \cdot (a_3 + b_3 \sqrt{2})$$

$$(a_1 a_2 + a_2 b_1 \sqrt{2} + a_1 b_2 \sqrt{2} + b_1 b_2 \cdot 2) \cdot (a_3 + b_3 \sqrt{2})$$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_1 a_2 a_3 + a_2 a_3 b_1 \sqrt{2} + a_1 a_3 b_2 \sqrt{2} + a_3 b_1 b_2 \cdot 2 + \\ a_1 a_2 b_3 \sqrt{2} + a_2 b_1 b_3 \cdot 2 + a_1 b_2 b_3 \cdot 2 + b_1 b_2 b_3 \cdot 2 \sqrt{2} \end{array} \right. \checkmark$   
 $\Rightarrow 0$   
 $(a_1 + b_1 \sqrt{2}) \cdot \left[ (a_2 + b_2 \sqrt{2}) \cdot (a_3 + b_3 \sqrt{2}) \right]$   
 $\left\{ \dots \right.$

Kommut :

$$(a_1 + b_1 \sqrt{2}) \cdot (a_2 + b_2 \sqrt{2}) = (a_2 + b_2 \sqrt{2}) \cdot (a_1 + b_1 \sqrt{2}) \checkmark$$

neutral :

$$(a + b\sqrt{2}) \cdot \left(x + \frac{1}{y}\sqrt{2}\right) = a + b\sqrt{2}$$

$$ax + bx\sqrt{2} + a\frac{1}{y}\sqrt{2} + 2b\frac{1}{y} = a + b\sqrt{2}$$

$$(ax + 2b\frac{1}{y}) + (bx + a\frac{1}{y})\sqrt{2} = a + b\sqrt{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} ax + 2b\frac{1}{y} = a \\ bx + a\frac{1}{y} = b \end{cases} \rightarrow x = \frac{b - a\frac{1}{y}}{b}$$

$$a \cdot \frac{b - a\frac{1}{y}}{b} + 2b\frac{1}{y} = a \quad | \cdot b$$

$$\frac{ab - a^2\frac{1}{y}}{b} + \frac{2b^2\frac{1}{y}}{b} = \frac{ab}{b} \quad | - \frac{ab}{b}$$

$$\frac{ab - a^2\frac{1}{y} + 2b^2\frac{1}{y} - ab}{b} = 0$$

$$a. \frac{b-ay}{b} + 2by = a \quad | \cdot HN \cdot b$$

$$ab - a^2y + 2b^2y = ab \quad | - ab \quad | \overline{1}y$$

$$y \cdot (2b^2 - a^2) = 0$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$y = 0 \quad 2b^2 - a^2 = 0 \rightarrow a^2 = 2b^2 \rightarrow a = b \cdot \sqrt{2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$x = \frac{b-ay}{b} = \frac{b-a \cdot 0}{b} = \frac{b}{b} = 1$$

$$\Delta = 1 + 0 \cdot \sqrt{2} \quad (a + b \cdot \sqrt{2})(1 + 0 \cdot \sqrt{2})$$

invers :  $(a + b\sqrt{2})(x + y\sqrt{2}) = 1 + 0 \cdot \sqrt{2}$

$$x = \frac{a}{a^2 - 2b^2} \quad , \quad y = \frac{b}{2b^2 - a^2}$$