

$$z^3 + (6-2i) \cdot z^2 = 2i \cdot z \cdot (3-4i)$$

$$z^3 + (6-2i) \cdot z^2 - z \cdot (8+6i) = 0 \quad \left. \vphantom{z^3 + (6-2i) \cdot z^2} \right\} \text{Nullform}$$

$$z \cdot (z^2 + (6-2i) \cdot z - (8+6i)) = 0$$

$$\downarrow \\ z_1 = 0$$

$$x^2 + px + q = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad x_{1/2} = -\frac{p}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{p}{2}\right)^2 - q}$$

$$z_{2/3} = -\frac{6-2i}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{6-2i}{2}\right)^2 + (8+6i)}$$

$$= -3+i \pm \sqrt{(3-i)^2 + 8+6i}$$

$$= -3+i \pm \sqrt{\underline{9-6i-1} + \underline{8+6i}}$$

$$= -3+i \pm \sqrt{16}$$

$$z_2 = -7+i$$

$$z_3 = 1+i$$

$$z^2 - (6i-4) \cdot z = 12i+9 \quad | -(12i+9)$$

$$z^2 - (6i-4) \cdot z - (12i+9) = 0$$

$$z_{1/2} = 3i-2 \pm \sqrt{(3i-2)^2 + 12i+9}$$

$$= 3i-2 \pm \sqrt{-9-12i+4+12i+9}$$

$$= 3i-2 \pm \sqrt{4}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \nearrow z_1 = 3i \\ \searrow z_2 = 3i-4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 1) \quad & \frac{3a+41}{2\sqrt{a-2} + 3\sqrt{5-2a}} \cdot \frac{2\sqrt{a-2} - 3\sqrt{5-2a}}{2\sqrt{a-2} - 3\sqrt{5-2a}} \\
 & \frac{(3a+41)(2\sqrt{a-2} - 3\sqrt{5-2a})}{4(a-2) - 9(5-2a)} \\
 & \frac{(3a+41)(2\sqrt{a-2} - 3\sqrt{5-2a})}{22a - 53}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4) \quad & \left(\frac{4as}{c} + \frac{c}{2s} \right)^4 \\
 & 1 \left(\frac{4as}{c} \right)^4 + 4 \left(\frac{4as}{c} \right)^3 \left(\frac{c}{2s} \right) + 6 \left(\frac{4as}{c} \right)^2 \left(\frac{c}{2s} \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{4as}{c} \right) \left(\frac{c}{2s} \right)^3 + \left(\frac{c}{2s} \right)^4 \\
 & 256 \frac{a^4 s^4}{c^4} + 128 \frac{a^3 s^3}{c^2} + 24 \frac{a^2 c^2}{s^2} + 2 \frac{a c^3}{s^3} + \frac{c^4}{16 s^4}
 \end{aligned}$$

Polynomialdivision -

$$12345 : 7 = 17$$

$$\begin{array}{r} - 7 \\ \hline 5345 \\ - 49 \\ \hline 445 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$(3ax - 4ay + 35x - 45y) : (a+5) = 3x - 4y$$

$$\begin{array}{r} (3ax - 4ay + 35x - 45y) : (a+5) = 3x - 4y \\ -(3ax + 35x) \\ \hline -4ay - 45y \\ -(-4ay - 45y) \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$(x^3 - 2x^2 + 4x - 5) : (x+2) = x^2 - 4x + 17 + \frac{29}{x+2}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -(x^3 + 2x^2) \\ \hline -4x^2 + 4x - 5 \\ -(-4x^2 - 8x) \\ \hline 12x - 5 \\ -(12x + 24) \\ \hline -29 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 5) \quad (6u^2 - 4uv + 5uv + 2uv^2 - 4v^2) : (2u - v) = \underline{3u - 2uv + 4v} \\
 \underline{-(6u^2 - 3uv)} \\
 -4u^2v + 8uv + 2uv^2 - 4v^2 \\
 \underline{-(-4u^2v + 2uv^2)} \\
 8uv - 4v^2 \\
 \underline{-(8uv - 4v^2)} \\
 -
 \end{array}$$

oxy

$$\begin{array}{r}
 c) \quad (18x^2 - 15x^2y + 10xy^2 - 8y^2) : (3x - 2y) = \underline{6x - 5xy + 4y} \\
 \underline{-(18x^2 - 17xy)} \\
 -15x^2y + 17xy + 10xy^2 - 8y^2 \\
 \underline{-(-15x^2y + 10xy^2)} \\
 17xy - 8y^2 \\
 \underline{-(17xy - 8y^2)} \\
 -
 \end{array}$$

$$d) (4x^2 - 3x^2y + 3xy^2 - 4xy + 5x^2 - 3xy^2 - y^2 + z^2) (x - y + z) = 4x^3 - 3x^2y + 2z^3$$

$$- (4x^3)$$

$$- 4x^2y + 4x^2z$$

$$- 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + x^2z - 3xy^2 - y^2z + z^3$$

$$- (-3x^2y + 3xy^2 - 3xy^2z)$$

$$- x^2z - y^2z + z^3$$

$$- (x^2z - y^2z + z^3)$$

$$f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - 10x + 24 = 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow M = \{\pm 1; \pm 2; \pm 3; \pm 4; \pm 6; \pm 8; \pm 12; \pm 24\}$$

$$x=2 : 8 - 12 - 20 + 24 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad (x-2)$$

$$(x^3 - 3x^2 - 10x + 24) : (x-2) = x^2 - x - 12$$
$$\begin{array}{r} -(x^3 - 2x^2) \\ \hline / \quad -x^2 - 10x + 24 \end{array}$$

$$-(-x^2 + 2x)$$

$$/ \quad -17x + 24$$

$$-(-17x + 24)$$

$$/ \quad -$$

$$(x-4)(x+3)$$

$$f(x) = (x-2) \cdot (x-4) \cdot (x+3)$$

$$L = \{-3; 2; 4\}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} 1) f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 - x + 3 \\ 2) g(x) = x^4 - x^3 - 7x^2 + x + 6 \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{l} 1) \\ 2) \end{array}} \right\} \underline{\text{Nullstellen}}$$

$$g(x) = (x+2) \cdot f(x)$$

$$= (x+2)(x-3) \cdot (x^2 - 1)$$

$$= (x+2)(x-3) \cdot (x+1)(x-1)$$

$$\mathcal{L} = \{-2; -1; 1; 3\}$$

$$3) a) \quad 3 - \frac{2x+3y}{x+y} - \frac{\overbrace{x^2-y^2}^{(x+y)(x-y)}}{(x+y)^2} = \frac{3 \cdot (x+y) - (2x+3y) - (x-y)}{x+y}$$

$$= \frac{\overbrace{3x+3y} - \overbrace{2x-3y} - \overbrace{x+y}}{x+y} = \frac{y}{x+y} \quad \frac{xy+y^2}{(x+y)^2}$$

$$\frac{3 \cdot (x+y)^2}{(x+y)^2} - \frac{(2x+3y) \cdot (x+y)}{(x+y)^2} - \frac{x^2-y^2}{(x+y)^2}$$

$$\frac{3x^2+6xy+3y^2 - [2x^2+2xy+3xy+3y^2] - (x^2-y^2)}{(x+y)^2}$$

$$\frac{\overbrace{3x^2} + \overbrace{6xy} + \overbrace{3y^2} - \overbrace{2x^2} - \overbrace{5xy} - \overbrace{3y^2} - \overbrace{x^2} + \overbrace{y^2}}{(x+y)^2}$$

$$\frac{xy+y^2}{(x+y)^2} = \frac{y(x+y)}{(x+y)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) \quad & \frac{-\frac{0,5}{5} - \frac{1}{2xy}}{\frac{xy}{5} + \frac{2}{1} + \frac{5}{xy}} = \frac{\frac{-xy - 5}{10xy}}{\frac{x^2y^2 + 10xy + 25}{5xy}} \\
 & = \frac{(xy+5)}{10xy} \cdot \frac{5xy}{(xy)^2 + 10xy + 5^2} = \frac{(xy+5)}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{(xy+5)^2} \\
 & = \frac{-1}{2xy + 10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$d) \frac{2u(u-v)}{u^2-v^2} - \frac{4}{3} + \frac{1}{u} = \frac{6u^2 - 4u(u+v) + 3 \cdot (u+v)}{3u(u+v)}$$

$$(u+v)(u-v)$$

$$\frac{2u^2 - 4uv + 3u + 3v}{3u(u+v)}$$

$$5) \frac{\frac{a}{3} + 2 + \frac{3}{a}}{\frac{1}{c} + \frac{1}{2a}} = \frac{\frac{a^2 + 6a + 9}{3a}}{\frac{a+3}{6a}}$$

$$\frac{(a+3)^2}{3a} \cdot \frac{6a}{a+3} = 2a+6$$

$$1) \frac{\frac{2}{9} + \frac{4}{11}}{\frac{4}{3} - \frac{7}{10}} = \frac{\frac{10+12}{45}}{\frac{40-21}{30}} = \frac{\frac{22}{45}}{\frac{19}{30}} = \frac{22}{45} \cdot \frac{30}{19} = \frac{22 \cdot 2}{3 \cdot 19} = \frac{44}{57}$$

$$\frac{\frac{3x}{4y} - \frac{5}{3z}}{\frac{5x}{6y^2} + \frac{3z}{2x}} = \frac{\frac{9xz - 20zy}{12yz}}{\frac{5x^2 + 9yz^2}{6xyz}} = \frac{9xz - 20yz}{12yz} \cdot \frac{6xyz}{5x^2 + 9yz^2} = \frac{9x^2z - 20xyz}{10x^2 + 18yz^2}$$

$$2) \frac{2}{5x} - \frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{12} - \frac{7}{6} = \frac{4}{15x} - \frac{9}{10} \quad | \cdot 11N (60x)$$

$$\underline{10 \cdot 2} - \underline{15x \cdot 3} + \underline{5x \cdot 5} - \underline{10x \cdot 7} = \underline{4 \cdot 4} - \underline{6x \cdot 9}$$

$$24 - 45x + 25x - 70x = 16 - 54x$$

$$24 - 90x = 16 - 54x \quad \Leftrightarrow \quad 8 = 36x \quad x = \frac{8}{36} = \frac{4}{18} = \frac{2}{9}$$

$$1) \sqrt{x^3} \sqrt[4]{x^6} \sqrt[3]{x^2}$$

$$\left(x^3 \left(x^6 \left(x^2 \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x^{3 \cdot \frac{1}{2}} \cdot x^{6 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2}} \cdot x^{2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$x^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot x^{\frac{3}{4}} \cdot x^{\frac{1}{12}} = x^{\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{12}}$$

$$= x^{\frac{18 + 9 + 1}{12}}$$

$$= x^{\frac{28}{12}} = x^{\frac{7}{3}} = \sqrt[3]{x^7}$$

$$\frac{(2^3 u^2 v^{-7} w^4)}{(3^4 v^{-3} s^{-2} t^3)^2} \cdot \frac{(2^4 u^3 v^{-4} w^{-2})^{-3}}{(3^4 v^{-3} s^4 t^3)^{-7}}$$

$$\frac{2^{12} u^8 v^{-8} w^4 u^{-12} v^{-9} w^6}{3^8 v^{-6} s^{-4} t^6 3^{-8} v^6 s^{-8} t^{-6}}$$

$$\frac{2^{12} 3^8 u^8 w^4 v^{12} w^6 v^6 s^4 s^8 t^6}{2^{12} 3^8 v^8 u^9 t^6 v^6} = \frac{w^{10} v^4 s^{12}}{u}$$

$$\frac{-1 \quad 4 \quad 10 \quad 12}{u \quad v \quad w \quad s}$$

Potenzen
rei-multiplicieren

positive Exp
Sortieren

vereinfache
Kürzen

$$\frac{\sqrt[k]{a^{2-k}}}{\left(\sqrt[k]{a}\right)^{3k+4}} \cdot \left(\frac{\left(\sqrt[k]{a^2}\right)^{k+3}}{\sqrt[k]{a}} \right)^2$$

$$\frac{a^{\frac{2-k}{k}}}{a^{\frac{3k+4}{k}}} \cdot \frac{a^{\frac{4k+12}{k}}}{a^{\frac{2}{k}}}$$

$$a^{\frac{2-k - (3k+4) + 4k+12 - 2}{k}}$$

$$a^{\frac{8}{k}} = \sqrt[k]{a^8}$$